

Climate Resilience Through Storytelling

A FALCON
Pre-conference Workshop











Agenda

4:00 – 5:00p	Late Lunch / Early Dinner ("Linner") Served
5:00 – 5:15p	Welcome, Introductions, Prayer
5:15 – 5:45p	Panel – EDEN shares disaster preparedness stories and how it can support 1994s with disaster preparedness and community support
5:45 – 6:00p	Break – Meet/greet the EDEN team
6:00 – 6:30p	Presentation – New climate data resources and stories
6:30 – 6:45p	Working Session – Accessing ag-climate data for your community
6:45 – 7:00p	Presentation – Climate stories from Native Climate Reporters and NTICC
7:00 – 7:30p	Working Session – Share your climate story online
7:30 – 8:00p	Sharing – Share your climate stories with the group
8:00p	Workshop Close

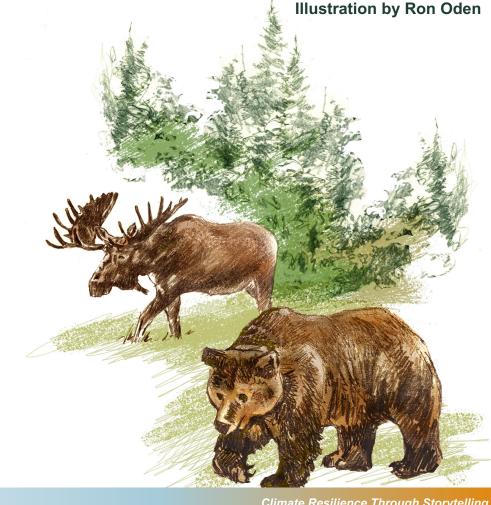








Welcome, Introductions & Prayer



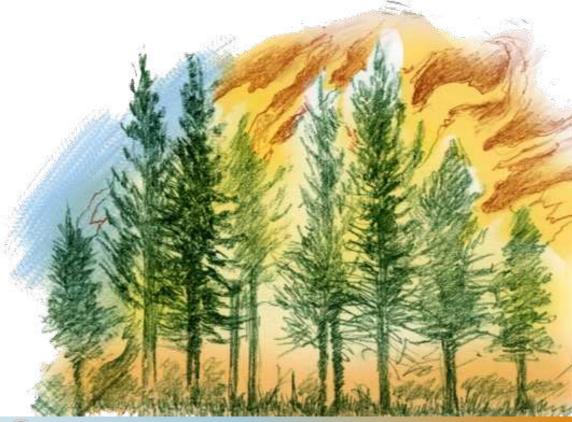






Panel

Extension Disaster Education Network



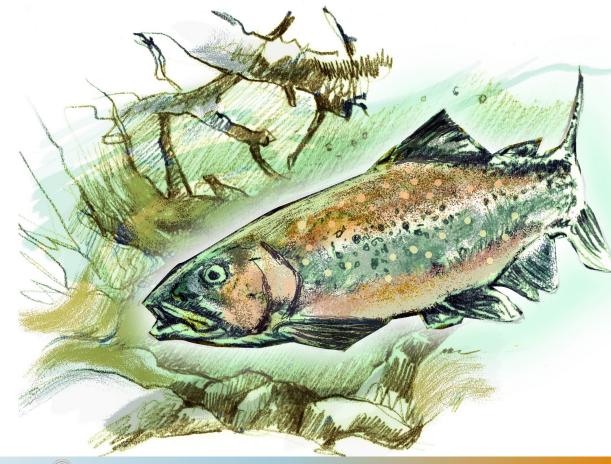






Break

Meet and Greet with EDEN











Presentation

Telling the stories of climate futures









Illustration by Ron Oden

FALCON 2022: All Climate is Local











PROJECTIONS



What can we expect from our climate future and how can we prepare for the changes to come? Native Climate's projections aim to prepare tribal communities for the changing conditions of coming years by providing data on probable weather conditions for the next century. We've compiled local projections for 633 tribally controlled areas in the United States including Alaska Native Villages and State Designated Tribal Areas, as well as climate divisions for the State of Hawai'i. The data are based on the NASA Earth Exchange (NEX) Global Daily Downscaled Projections (GDDP) dataset (NEX-GDDP-CMIP6). These new projections are an update to the 2022 Native Climate Tribal College and University (TCU) projections, and use the latest version of the NEX-GDDP-CMIP6 dataset.









native-climate.com/projections



SSP1-2.6 This is a best-case scenario. Global CO2 emissions are cut severely, reaching net-zero after 2050. Temperatures stabilize around 1.8 °C higher by the end of the century.

SSP2-4.5 This is a "middle of the road" scenario. CO2 emissions hover around current levels before starting to fall mid-century, but do not reach net-zero by 2100. Temperatures rise 2.7 °C by the end of the century.

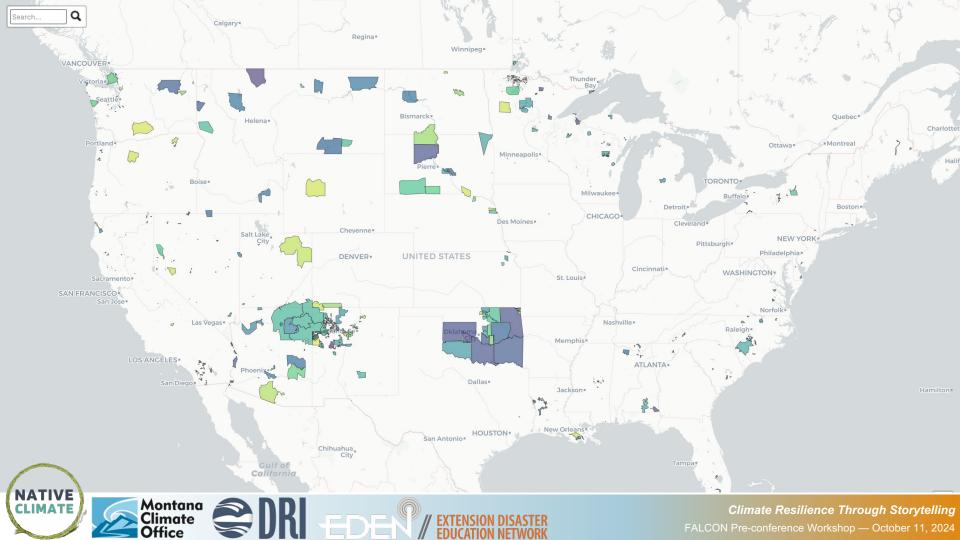
SSP3-7.0 On this path, emissions and temperatures rise steadily and CO2 emissions roughly double from current levels by 2100. Temperatures have risen by 3.6 °C.

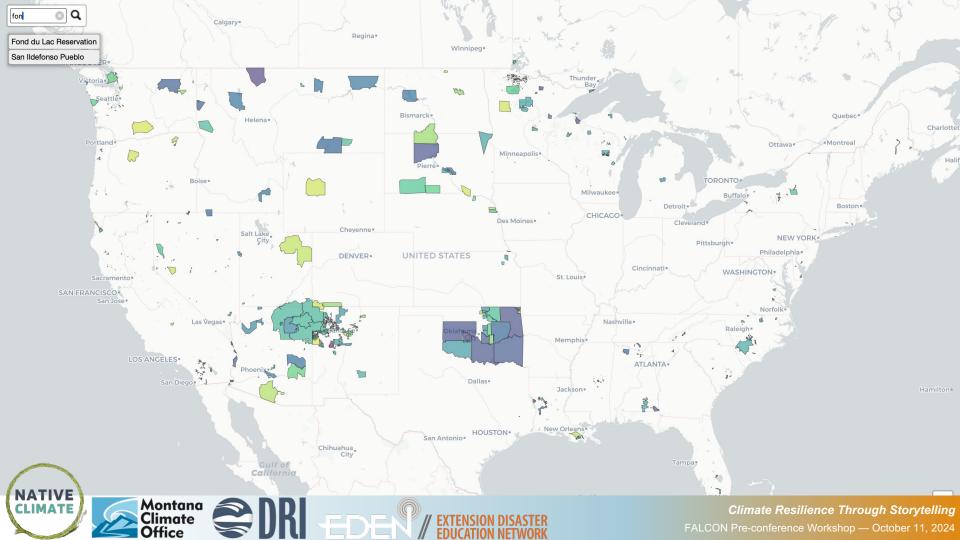
SSP5-8.5 This can be considered a worst-case scenario. Current CO2 emissions levels roughly double by 2050. By 2100, the average global temperature is 4.4 °C higher.

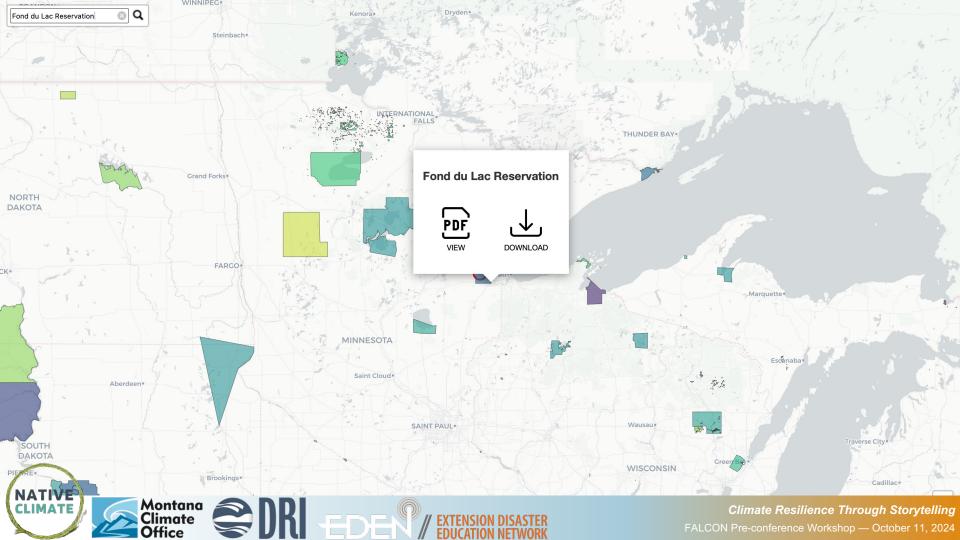






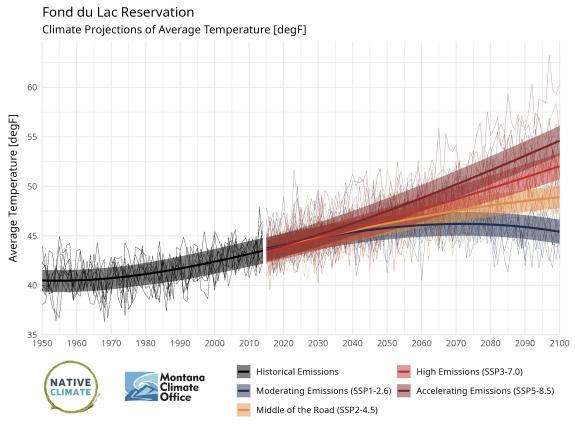






native-climate.com/projections









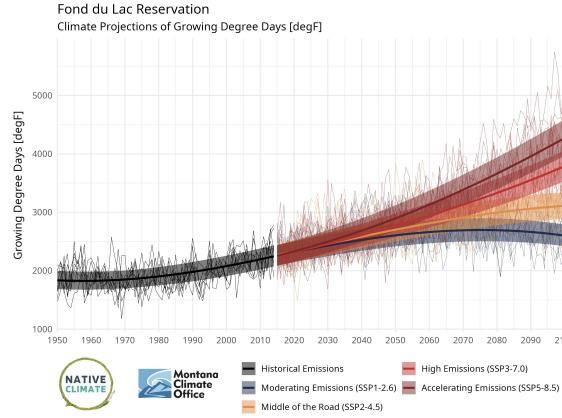




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Agricultural Variables







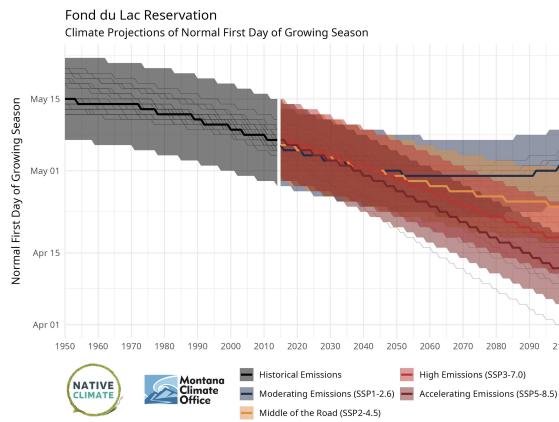




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Agricultural Variables







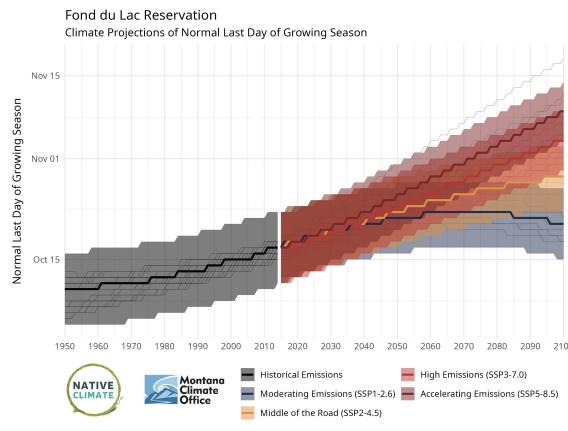




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Agricultural Variables









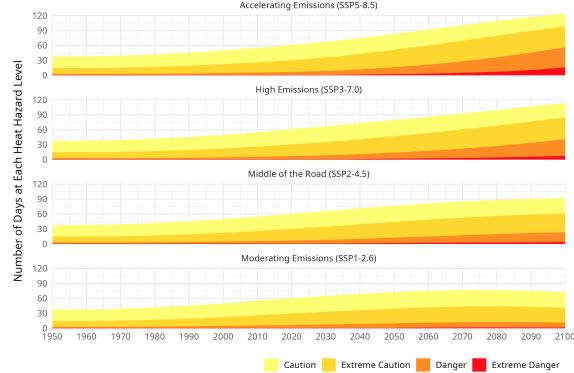


native-climate.com/projections



Health Variables

Fond du Lac Reservation Climate Projections of Heat Index Hazard











Working Session

Accessing ag-climate data for your community native-climate.com/projections













Presentation

Climate stories from

Native Climate













We are the storytellers...

Don't be afraid to tell your story!







Climate stories, poetry, and fiction help remember the past, understand the present, envision a better future

Native Climate Reporters

stories of impacts and resilience

Gina McGuire (U. Hawaii)

Robin Smuda (UNR)

Sarah Sandoval (SKC)

Shecota Nez (Dine'/ASU)

Cathy Wilson (Tohono O'odham Nation)

Andra Hawk-Valdes (Standing Rock Lakota, Sitting Bull College)

Climate Reporter Stories: native-climate.com/news/ climate-reporter-stories

All Climate is Local Stories: native-climate.com/acl-projects





THE TOHONO O'ODHAM HIMDAG: **CHALLENGING THE CLIMATE SCIENCE VIEW ON**

CLIMATE REPORTER STORIES





HOW MUCH MORE? A POEM ON SEA LEVEL RISE IN HAWAI'I

by Gina McGuire | Feb 1, 2023 | Resilience Stories | 0

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RESTORING OUR RELATIONSHIP WITH HÍMU (WILLOW) REQUIRES **HUMAN INTERACTION RATHER** THAN PROTECTION

by Robin Smuda | Sep 12, 2022 | Resilience Stories | 0

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dá · bal (dah-ball; big sage), ťá · gɨm (tdahgoom; pinion pine), and hímu (him-oo; willow) are why...





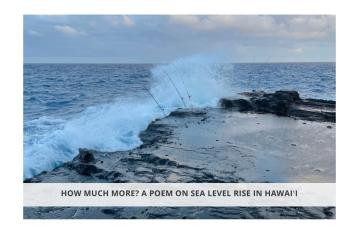




Indigenous ground truths... stories of climate and resilience

"How much more"
Poem by Gina McGuire

...How much more?
I wonder, will the sea push.
And how much more,
will we push back?







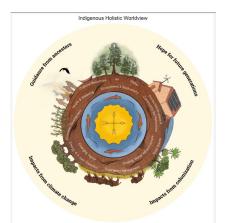


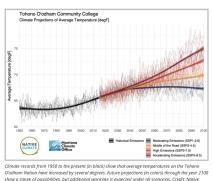


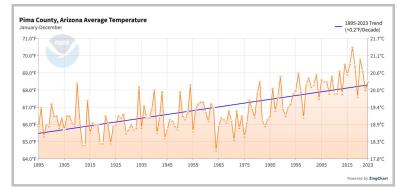
THE TOHONO O'ODHAM HIMDAG: CHALLENGING THE CLIMATE SCIENCE VIEW ON INDIGENOUS CLIMATE IMPACTS

"The Tohono O'odham Himdag (way of living in the world) challenges the way climate science thinks by highlighting how important non-linear spiritual and other cultural considerations matter when developing Indigenous climate strategies."

Story by Cathy Wilson (30Aug24)







Climate data from 1895 to the present shows that average annual temperatures on the Tohono O'odham Nation in Pima County, AZ have increased by nearly three degrees (F). Credit: NOAA/NCEI.









Working Session

What's your climate story?

arcg.is/1X1vbT0







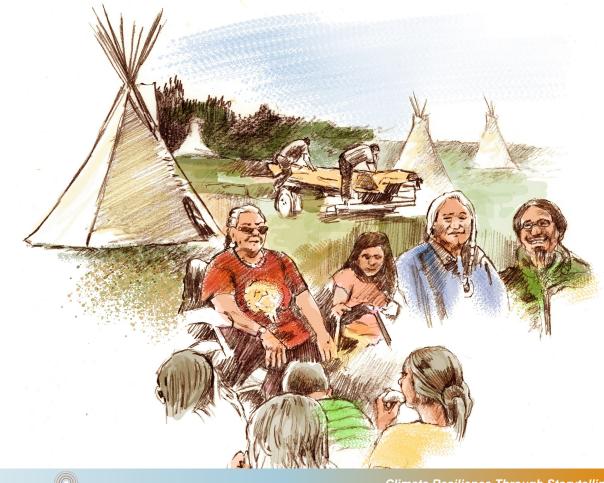






Share your

Share your climate stories











Access Resources





native-climate.com





extensiondisaster.net







